



YOUTH SERVICES: YOUTH OUTREACH AND FAMILY SUPPORT – OUTCOMES REPORT APRIL 1, 2019 – MARCH 31, 2020

PROGRAM DESCRIPTION Cranbrook based Youth Outreach and Family Support and Kimberley based Alcohol and Drug Youth Outreach and Support programs provide a variety of supportive services to youth and their families referred by social workers, community programs and services, or are self-referred. Services intend to reduce the impact of mental illness; substance abuse; homelessness; high-risk or criminal behaviour; and self-harming and suicidal behaviours. Ministry of Children and Family Development funds the Cranbrook full-time services, part-time services in Kimberley; and Interior Health funds additional part-time services in Kimberley.

Key Demographic Indicators	2015 2016	2016 2017	2017 2018	2018 2019	2019 2020	5 Year Comparative Average	Findings
# of male youth served	78	61	35	34	42	50	Males served has risen significantly over the last year, however the amount of
# of female youth served	61	53	53	67	56	55	females served have dropped. We have readmitted 26 people this year, this has
# of non-identifying youth			1	1	0		been due to the positive impacts the program has on the persons served wellbeing, and the ability to make healthier choices, and the comfort the person
# of youth readmitted to program during the year	16	29	23	26	26	23	feels when speaking with staff.
Total # of individual youth served	139	114	89	102	98	109	
Key Demographic Indicators	2015 2016	2016 2017	2017 2018	2018 2019	2019 2020	5 Year Comparative Average	Findings
# of School / Community Groups Served	6	4	6	4	4	5	Staff were able to complete 4 Summer groups which was positively received in the community. Staff members also co-facilitated with another partnering organization (East Kootenay Addiction Services) for the Rock Solid Programs this
# (average) of youth served/group	7	7	7	7	7	7	year. 80 youth attended Rock Solid over two day period and these youth are not reflected in Agency statistics. At the beginning of the school year, staff were able to participate in a community partnership with Selkirk Secondary school where
Total # of youth served in groups	35	28	43	28	28	35	they were asked to facilitate a workshop with the graduating class. This event is not reflected in the current statistics.
Combined # Served (Individually or in Group)	174	142	132	132	126	149	The overall number of persons served during the year is comparable to last year despite some staffing vacancies throughout the year. This outcome is very positive and is greatly satisfying to program staff.

Key Demographic Indicators (continued):	2015 2016	2016 2017	2017 2018	2018 2019	2019 2020	5 Year Comparative Average	Findings
Average length of service	7 mo.	5.7 mo.	5.6 mo.	6.25 mo	4.5 mo	6 mo.	The average length of service has dropped slightly over the past year. The funding Ministry (MCFD) and Youth Support Staff continues to focus on youth achieving goals and learning skills within a 3-6 month period.
Average wait time for service (Referral date to intake appointment date)	15 days	9 days	13 days	14 days	17.5 days	13.7 days	The average wait time for service increased slightly this year. Staff attribute this to brief waitlists that were held during staff vacancies and a rise in referrals over the past year. For those individuals not placed on a waitlist, intake was scheduled within a 1-10 day period. Procedures remain in place for initiating contact within 24 hours, followed by staff attending the home address or school on those occasions when telephone contact has not been successful after two attempts. An on-going factor impacting wait times is MCFD mandated clients. These clients can be particularly challenging to connect with to set up service.
Average age range	16 yrs.	15 yrs.	15.5	15.4	14.7	15.5 yrs.	The average age range has dropped slightly, but remains relatively consistent with past years.
# of ethnic minority clients served	14 (10%)	20 (16%)	20 (22%)	13 (13%)	22 (23%)	15 (14%)	This number includes only clients who self-identify as belonging to an ethnic minority. Staff note there was a sharp increase this year, staff recognize that clients are identifying themselves within a different culture which may reflect this years numbers.
File Status at Year End (*Parent info contained in youth file)	2015 2016	2016 2017	2017 2018	2018 2019	2019 2020	5 Year Comparative Average	Findings
Open	42	34	56	44	56	44	The number of open and closed files regularly fluctuates. No trend established.
Closed	97	114	89	102	98	95	
Risks & Barriers	2015 2016	2016 2017	2017 2018	2018 2019	2019 2020	5 Year Comparative Average	Findings
# Requiring transportation	107 (77%)	81 (71%)	41 (46%)	61 (58%)	70 (71%)	84 (77%)	Staff continue to promote independence by assisting youth to utilize the bus system, or promote physical activity. Due to remote and rural locations in the area and the location where persons served lives has been a barrier thus increased need for transportation support.
# No fixed address	13 (9%)	8 (7%)	11 (12%)	8 (7%)	5 (5%)	10 (10%)	Staff notes this statistic relies heavily on the period of time the youth is referred for services. Youth of no fixed address are most often referred by MCFD with the primary goal being to establish suitable housing.
# With Mental Health diagnosis	52 (37%)	38 (33%)	29 (33%)	28 (32%)	32 (33%)	42 (38%)	This statistic has slightly risen this year. Staff continues to record only those clients with a formal "mental health diagnosis", rather than recording self-identifying mental health issues. These include ADHD, Depression, Anxiety, OCD, ODD, Panic Attacks, PTSD, Separation Disorder, FASD, ASD, Personality Disorder, Tourette's Syndrome
# Actively using tobacco/alcohol/ drugs	35 (25%)	38 (33%)	28 (31%)	21 (20%)	23 (23%)	33 (27%)	Staff note this statistic continues to be relatively lower than the previous years. Staff will continue to monitor this trend.

REFERRAL ELSEWHERE - Whenever risks and barriers such as those indicated above become prevailing factors, program staff work collaboratively with clients to ensure appropriate community referral sources are identified and to provide assistance with the referral elsewhere process. During the reporting period no youth were deemed to have barriers which identified them as being beyond our capacity to serve, however all youth accessing this service are regularly referred to appropriate community services. Examples of more specialized service

referrals for youth on our caseloads include: Kids Help Phone, East Kootenay Addiction Services, EK Employment, Volunteer Kootenays, ANKORS, MCFD, Child & Youth Mental Health, Kelowna Eating Disorder Program, Interior Health Children's Assessment Network, Bellies to Babies, Cranbrook Food Bank, Salvation Army and various online apps and resources.

GOAL SETTING & RESULTS A standard component of the intake process is for staff to closely involve the person served in the setting of client goals. Service outcomes measuring safety risk, level of crisis, and their understanding and knowledge of resources available to them in the community are assessed at intake and at discharge. Eighty-nine (89) pre-surveys were distributed (this corresponds with the number of closed files). Of these, 57 youth also completed the post survey, which measures service outcome achievement ratios.

Objective: Effectiveness	Indicator	Who Applied to	Target Goal	Actual	Met or		
Measures			Expectancy	Result	Exceeded		
1. To reduce level of crisis and	% of clients indicating a	All youth accessing service who identified with crisis or safety		85%	\checkmark		
safety risk	reduced, or low safety risk	risk at intake and who completed both pre-post surveys	85%	34 of 40			
2. To increase knowledge of	% of clients indicating	All youth accessing service who identified low knowledge at		88%			
help available in the	increased knowledge of	intake and who completed both pre-post surveys.	85%	35 out of 40	\checkmark		
community	community resources						
3. To increase ability to	% of clients indicating	All youth accessing services who identified low ability to make		100%			
consider options, find	increased ability to make	healthy choices at intake and who completed both pre-post.	85%	40 of 40	\checkmark		
solutions, and make healthy	healthy choices						
choices							
Effectiveness Findings: Eighty N	Recommendations: 1.						
both pre-post surveys. Self-repo	both pre-post surveys. Self-reporting by youth is as follows: a. Crisis or Safety Risk – Upon discharge 34 youth identified they felt a reduction in their						
level of crisis and therefore had	reported their	increase self-reporting					
knowledge of help available in t	rce knowledge;	; feedback of youth served. 2.					
and c. Ability to make healthy c	ased. Staff note	Maintain achievement ratio					
there is a decrease in the numb	there is a decrease in the number of post surveys completed this year compared to last year. It is important going forward that all program staf						
continues to work towards com	pleting a mid-point and end of	service survey.		fiscal year.			

PAST PARTICIPANT FEEDBACK – Past Participant feedback is intended to solicit feedback from youth and their families after they have left the program. It is our hope, that once out of the program for several months, the past participant has formulated thoughts about the program that they not have had while in the program (i.e. Did the services actually assist in obtaining and maintaining the desired outcome?). Previously, surveys were the mechanism utilized to collect such data; however, due to the preventive nature of the services, program staff deemed it inappropriate to formally contact youth once discharged from services. In an effort to secure past-participant feedback, program staff, whenever appropriate, asked youth who were readmitted to the program to complete the past participant survey. Twenty Six (26) youth were readmitted to the program during the course of the fiscal year. Twenty (20) of these youth, upon re-admittance, completed a past-participant survey. The results indicated that after discharge 15 of these individuals felt they had benefited from the skill sets gained and, because of the skills and knowledge gained had prompted them to re-enter the program to address a new challenge; 5 of these individuals felt they had not benefited or learned from the program previously, but were willing to re-enter the program and try again. Going forward staff will continue to solicit past participant feedback from clients who are readmitted to the program.

PROGRAM EFFICIENCIES: Staff in the youth outreach program, recognize that direct service to youth is crucial to achieving the client's goals, as well as meeting contract requirements. Direct service refers to all work directly related to the clients served such as face-to-face meetings, integrated case-management meetings with key support people, telephone, and transportation to and from the client, and other activities that are client specific. Direct service hours are recorded monthly and reported to the funding Ministry and internally reported in the Balanced Score Card. Staff are provided monthly targets for direct service utilization based on contract requirements of 316 hours (MCFD) and 41 hours (IHA) monthly. Efficiency results have been tabulated as follows.

Objective: Efficiency Measures	Indicator	Who Applied to	Target Goal Expectancy	Actual Result	Met or Exceeded	
					Exceeded	
Maintain Direct Service rates that meet	Average # of Direct	All youth accessing	<u>Contract 1:</u> MCFD requires monthly total	<u>Contract 1: 73%</u>	х	
the contract deliverables	Service Hours	services	direct service hours average 316	232 hr/mo		
Maintain Direct Service rates that meet	Average # of Direct	All youth accessing	Contract 2: IHA requires monthly total	Contract 2: 107%=44	\checkmark	
the contract deliverables	Service Hours	services	direct service hours average 41	Actual:(44 avg. hrs/mo.)		
Efficiency Findings: The direct service h	ours reported above wa	s collected and recorded	monthly by the Administrator of Youth and	Recommendations: Dilig	ently works	
Women Services. At the end of the fiscal	ear these monthly totals	are tallied and divided by :	12 (months) to determine an annual monthly	towards achieving targ	eted direct	
			ect service hours in the MCFD contract per	service hour rates of 316 m	onthly for the	
	-		volume of caseloads ; and the average direct			
-	tract was 44 hours per m	nonth. The average for IHA	A has slightly risen due to diligent marketing	IHA contract.		
efforts in the Kimberley area.						

PROGRAM SATISFACTION:

Objective: Consumer / Stakeholder	Indicator	Who Applied to	Target Goal	Actual Result	Met or	
Input Measures			Expectancy		Exceeded	
1 .I felt comfortable talking to staff.	Percentage of clients who completed	All youth accessing services responding to	85%	100%	\checkmark	
	satisfaction survey	the survey (40)		40 of 40		
2. How satisfied were you with the	Percentage of stakeholders who	All stakeholders responding to survey (2)	85%	100%	\checkmark	
responsiveness of program staff?	completed stakeholder feedback			2 of 2		
Findings: 98 youth were discharged from	Findings: 98 youth were discharged from the program during the fiscal year. 40 discharged youth responded to the satisfaction					
portion of the pre and post survey and	portion of the pre and post survey and of these, 40 youth indicated overall satisfaction with program services. A link to a short					
survey was sent out to community par	nses were recorded. Both responses indicated	85%. Significan	tly increase the n	umber of		
100% satisfaction rate. In the future, th	e link will be sent out in December to allo	w a longer period of time to respond.	surveys distribu	ited.		

PROGRAM ACCESSIBILITY: During the year program staff did not receive any requests for accommodation of clients accessing the program. As an on-going measure to enhance accessibility staff will monitor client contact rates, endeavoring to reduce wait time between referral and intake.

Objective: Access Measures	Indicator	Who Applied to	Target Goal	Actual Result		Met or					
			Expectancy		E	Exceeded					
1. To maintain or increase service utilization	Average # of days from	All clients accessing	1-12 days	17.9		х					
rates	referral to intake	services									
	appointment.										
Findings: The increase in wait time for services (t	to staff position vacancies	Recommendations:									
throughout the year. Community referrals were placed on a waitlist, while MCFD referrals were prioritized as per the contract. Staff continue to initiate											
contact within 24 hours of receiving a referral, f	elephone contact has not	wait times targeting 1-									
been successful after two attempts. The length	gthy despite the fact that	12 da	ays to ensure								
contact is initiated by staff within 24 hours of rec	ted to services (by MCFD)	service	is delivered in a								
are often challenging to connect with to set up set	ervice.		are often challenging to connect with to set up service.								

ADMINISTRATIVE OBJECTIVES

Objective: Key Administrative Tasks	Indicator	Who Applied to	Target Goal Expectancy	Actual Result	Met or Exceeded
1. Program Administrator will monitor to ensure	Revised	Youth Client Files	Incorporate revisions and	ShareVision is up to date	
that all program staff maintain client files and	annual		recommendations for annual	and congruent with	\checkmark
implement the revisions in accordance with the	program		outcome reports for	Program Policy and	
Share Vision database.	reports.		implementations in the 2019-	Procedures and all client	
			2020 annual reports	files are current.	
2. Program Administrator will monitor to ensure	Relias Learning	Program staff	All program staff completes	All staff is current with	
all program staff continues to update and	Reports		Relias Learning core and	required Relias trainings.	\checkmark
maintain program training using Relias Learning.			program specific course		
			trainings.		
3. Program Administrator will monitor to ensure	Improved	Youth Client Files	Increased accuracy in	The GAIN Short Screener	
all program staff use the GAIN Short Screener (a	client		assessments of all youth who	assessment tool is a	\checkmark
screening tool developed by the Centre for	assessments		complete the GAIN Assessment	standard component of	
Addiction and Mental Health - CAMH) to quickly			intake tool.	the intake process. Staff	
identify issues and challenges in the following				use the assessment to	
areas: Internalizing behaviors, externalizing				develop goals and safety	
behaviours, substance misuse, crime and violence				for the youth.	
and eating disorders.					

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Date: Apr 14 2020 **Data Source:** Share Vision database system and monthly reports